

TITLE OF THE INVENTION

Safety device for a spray boom.

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention:

The present invention relates to the general technical field of agricultural machinery and relates more 10 specifically to a boom according to the preamble of claim 1.

Discussion of the Background:

Document FR 2 673 355 describes a spray boom comprising 15 an end section connected to an intermediate section by an articulation made up of a ball joint, of a guide rail and of pins. Upon contact with an obstacle, such an articulation advantageously allows said end section to move away laterally or upward. Once the obstacle has been 20 passed, said end section is returned to its initial position using a draw-spring.

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This known safety device does, however, have one
drawback. This is that during work, the boom experiences
shakes due, for example, to the bumps in the terrain that
is to be treated. In order to keep said end section in its
5 initial position, said draw-spring has therefore to exert a
relatively high holding force.

In addition, upon contact with an obstacle, the
pivoting of said end section with respect to said
intermediate section has the effect of lengthening said
10 draw-spring. The return force thus created adds to the
initial holding force. Once the obstacle has been passed,
the end section is therefore returned violently to its
initial position. The boom therefore experiences knocks
which, in the long term, are damaging.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The object of the present invention consists in
overcoming this drawback of the prior art.

20 To this end, the spray boom of the present invention
is one wherein, after triggering, the return of said boom

to its initial position is due solely to the weight of said end section.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

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Other features of the invention, to be considered separately or in all their possible combinations, will become further apparent from the following description of one nonlimiting exemplary embodiment of the invention which 10 embodiment is depicted in the appended figures, in which:

- Figure 1 partially depicts a boom according to the present invention,
- Figure 2 depicts, viewed on arrow II defined in figure 1 and on a different scale, the boom of figure 1 in 15 the initial position,
- Figure 3 depicts the boom of figure 2 in the pivoted position.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

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The spray boom 1 depicted partially in figure 1 comprises an end section 2 connected to a second section 3

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by an articulation 4. In a way known to those skilled in the art, said articulation 4 is produced by a ball joint 5, a guide rail 6 and two pins 7, 8.

Said guide rail 6, arranged in a substantially 5 horizontal plane, is connected to a low part of said second section 3. Said pins 7, 8, with at least substantially vertical axes, are connected to a low part of said end section 2. Said pins 7, 8 are advantageously arranged one on each side of a vertical mid-plane of said end section 2. 10 When said boom 1 is not encountering an obstacle, said pins 7, 8 rest against a respective groove 9, 10 provided on said guide rail 6. For its part, said ball joint 5 is connected, on one hand, to a top part of said end section 2 and, on another hand, to a top part of said second section 15 3. Said ball joint 5 is advantageously arranged in said vertical mid-plane of said end section 2 and in a vertical mid-plane of said second section 3.

When an obstacle is encountered, said end section 2 can move away laterally by pivoting, for example with respect 20 to said second section 3, about an axis passing through said ball joint 5 and through one of said pins 7, 8.

Figure 3 depicts such a situation. The pin 7, located behind with respect to a direction of forward travel, has remained in contact with said groove 9. For its part, the pin 8, situated in front with respect to said direction of forward travel, has slid along said guide rail 6. In the example depicted in figure 3, said end section 2 has therefore pivoted about an axis passing through said ball joint 5 and the pin 7. To avoid excessive pivoting of said end section 2 with respect to said second section 3, said 10 guide rail 6 also comprises a stop 11. Figure 3 depicts an extreme case in which said pin 8 comes into contact with said stop 11.

In a way known to those skilled in the art, a holding device 12 is also provided and this is intended to keep 15 said end section 2 in its initial position. Said holding device 12 advantageously makes it possible to avoid any inadvertent pivoting of said end section 2 relative to said second section 3. Said inadvertent pivoting may, in particular, be caused by shakes experienced by said boom 1 20 or by working at a steep slope. It goes without saying that, when an obstacle is encountered, said holding device

12 allows said end section 2 to move away as described hereinabove.

According to an important feature of the present invention, said holding device 12 keeps said end section 2 5 in said initial position as long as a pivoting force has not reached a certain triggering threshold. Once this threshold has been exceeded, said holding device 12 exerts no return force on said end section 2. The return to the initial position is therefore due solely to the weight of 10 said end section 2.

In the embodiment depicted in the figures, said holding device 12 comprises two jaws 13, 14 arranged in a plane of extension of said guide rail 6. One end of each jaw 13, 14 is connected to said guide rail 6 by a respective 15 articulation 15, 16, the axis of which is substantially vertical. Another end of each jaw 13, 14 is provided with a shape which substantially complements the shape of said pins 7, 8. Said holding device 12 additionally comprises a spring 17 intended to close said jaws 13, 14.

20 When said end section 2 is in its initial position, as depicted in figure 2, said pins 7, 8 are in engagement with said jaws 13, 14.

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By contrast, the pivoting force generated by the encountering of an obstacle causes at least one of said pins 7, 8 to be released through the opening of the corresponding jaw 13, 14. This opening of said jaw 13, 14, 5 which is obtained by the pivoting thereof about said respective articulation 15, 16, takes place against the action of said spring 17.

From figure 3, it can be seen that when one of said pins 7, 8 has left its initial position, said corresponding 10 jaw 13, 14 is flattened by said spring 17 against said guide rail 6.

To facilitate the return of said pin 7, 8 to its initial position, said jaws 13, 14 are advantageously provided with a respective chamfer 18.

15 The triggering threshold of said holding device 12 is advantageously adjustable. For this purpose, in the exemplary embodiment depicted in the figures, said jaws 13, 14 are provided with recesses 19. The position of said spring 17 in said recesses 19 determines the force needed 20 to open said jaws 13, 14. Said holding device 12 depicted in the figures advantageously allows six different settings of the triggering threshold.

The boom 1 which has just been described is merely one exemplary embodiment and example of use which must not in any case be considered as limiting the field of protection defined by the claims which follow.

5 According to an exemplary embodiment not depicted, said jaws 13, 14 are kept closed using a respective spring.

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